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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/521,801	01/21/2005	Mattia De Dominicis	. 102792-401(11044P6) 3763	
27389 7590 06/25/2007 NORRIS, MCLAUGHLIN & MARCUS		EXAMINER		
875 THIRD AVE			BOYER, CHARLES I	
18TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10022			· ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1751	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/25/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<u> </u>			
Office Action Summary		Application No. Applicant(s)	
		10/521,801	DE DOMINICIS ET AL.
		Examiner	Art Unit
		Charles I. Boyer	1751
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			·
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Ja This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Dispositi	on of Claims	•	
5) □ 6) ⊠ 7) □ 8) □ Applicati 9) □ 10) □	Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-9 is/are pending in the appl 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-9 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies.	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
2)	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to applicants' amendment and response received January 16, 2007. Claims 1-4 and 6-9 are currently pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

All prior art rejections set forth in the previous office action are withdrawn in view of applicants' amendment and response.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The rejection of claims 1-9 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al, US 2003/0139310 is withdrawn in view of applicants' amendment and response.
- 3. Claims 1-4 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woo et al, US 6,833,342.

Woo et al teach a method for deodorizing carpet wherein a detergent concentrate

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is diluted in a container and the diluted solution is contacted with the carpet via a carpet extractor (see abstract). An example of such a composition comprises 1% silicone glycol copolymer, 1% quaternary ammonium surfactant, ethanol, and perfume (col. 50, example V). Though the reference teaches the same composition as that claimed, and it teaches the composition for dilution and use in a carpet cleaning machine as claimed, it appears to teach a concentrated liquid and not a solid composition. However, as a solid is the ultimate concentrate, is desirable to reduce shipping weight and volume, and solid carpet cleaning compositions for use in carpet cleaning machines are very well known in the art, one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to use example V in solid form and so render obvious the claims at hand.

4. Claims 1-4 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kent et al, US 6,789,290.

Kent et al teach a carpet cleaning machine and carpet cleaning composition for use therein (see abstract). An example of such a composition comprises 2% silicone glycol copolymer, 3% anionic surfactants, builders, and fragrance wherein the concentrate is diluted in water before application (col. 9, lines 1-50). Though the reference teaches the same composition as that claimed, and it teaches the composition for dilution and use in a carpet cleaning machine as claimed, it appears to teach a concentrated liquid and not a solid composition. However, as a solid is the ultimate concentrate, is desirable to reduce shipping weight and volume, and solid carpet cleaning compositions for use in carpet cleaning machines are very well known

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in the art, one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to use example V in solid form and so render obvious the claims at hand.

5. Claims 1-4 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al, US 2003/0070692.

Smith et al teach a method for cleaning and sanitizing a carpet wherein a powder composition is dissolved in water and applied with a commercial carpet extractor (see abstract). An example of such a composition comprises a nonionic surfactant and builders (page 17, example 3). Mixtures of nonionic surfactants such as ethoxylated alcohols are contemplated by the reference (page 19, claim 30) and suitable nonionic surfactants of the reference include silicone glycol copolymers (¶96). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to formulate a solid composition having a mixture of nonionic surfactants, including a silicone surfactant, and so render obvious the claims at hand.

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles I. Boyer whose telephone number is 571 272 1311. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Douglas McGinty can be reached on 571 272 1029. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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